

# Must Have Shopify Store Checklist Before Launch Day



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## Chapter 1

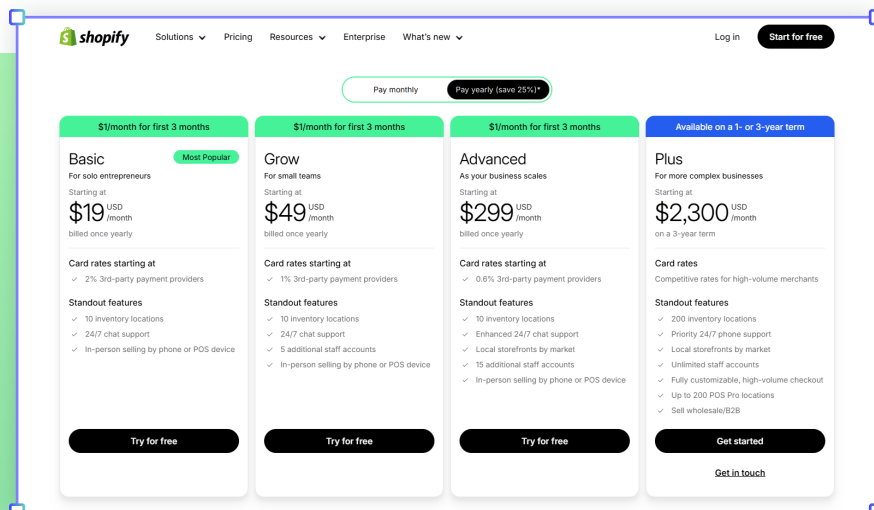
# Getting Started with Shopify

### 1.1 CREATE YOUR SHOPIFY ACCOUNT

To begin, head to **Shopify's website** and sign up for a free trial. Shopify typically offers a 3-day free trial for new accounts (with promotional pricing for the first month).

Click **"Start free trial"** and enter your email, a store name (you can change this later), and a password. Follow the on-screen prompts to set up your store details (business name, address, etc.). Once completed, you'll be taken to your Shopify **admin dashboard**, which is the control center for your online store.

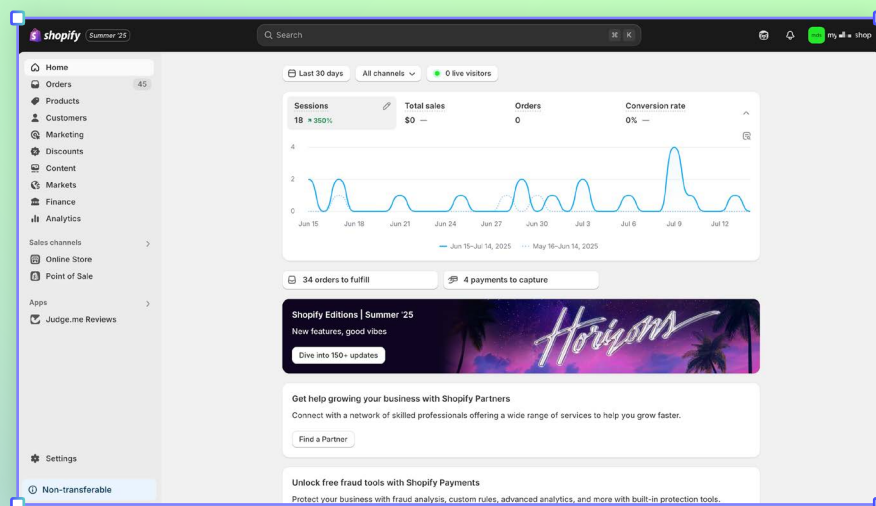
**TIP:** During the trial, explore Shopify's features and set up as much as possible. After the trial, you'll need to pick a plan to continue selling. The **Basic plan** costs around \$39 per month (if paid monthly), which is usually sufficient for beginners.



## 1.2 TOUR YOUR SHOPIFY ADMIN DASHBOARD

Take a moment to familiarize yourself with the admin interface. On the left-hand sidebar, you'll see navigation sections like **Home, Orders, Products, Customers, Analytics, Marketing, Online Store, and Settings**. Clicking these reveals various sub-sections. Key areas include:

- **Home:** Overview and setup checklist for new store owners.
- **Orders:** View and manage customer orders once you start selling.
- **Products:** Add and manage your products (we'll cover this in Chapter 3).
- **Customers:** Information about your store's customers.
- **Online Store:** Customize your website's theme, pages, blog posts, navigation, and more.
- **Settings:** Configure all your store's settings (payments, checkout, shipping, taxes, etc.).



Feel free to click around the dashboard menu to get comfortable. You can always return to the main dashboard by clicking "Home" in the sidebar. In the next chapters, we'll dive into each major step of setting up your store.

## Chapter 2

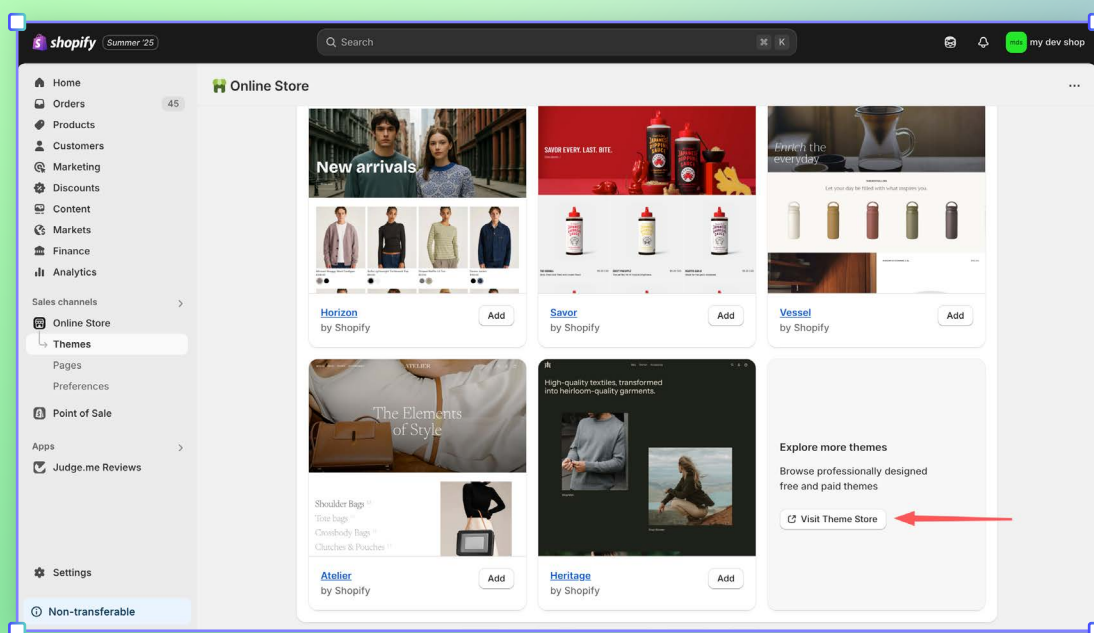
# Designing Your Store

*A visually appealing store builds trust with customers. Shopify makes design easy by providing pre-built **themes** that you can install and then customize without coding.*

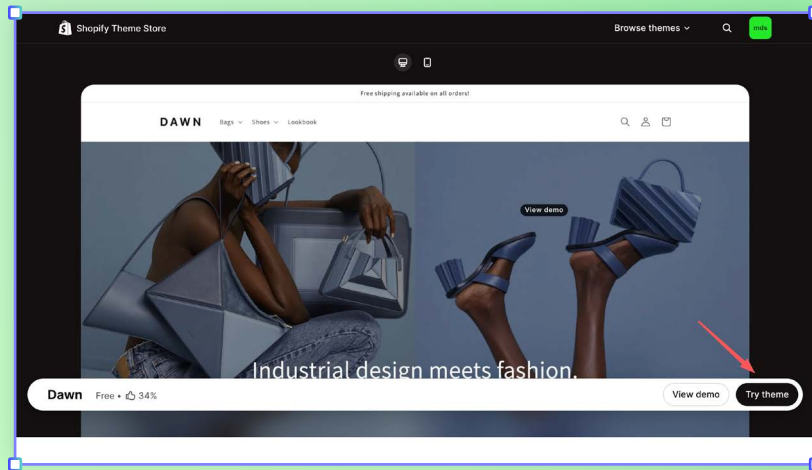
### 2.1 CHOOSE A THEME

Shopify has a Theme Store with both free and paid themes. To choose a theme for your store:

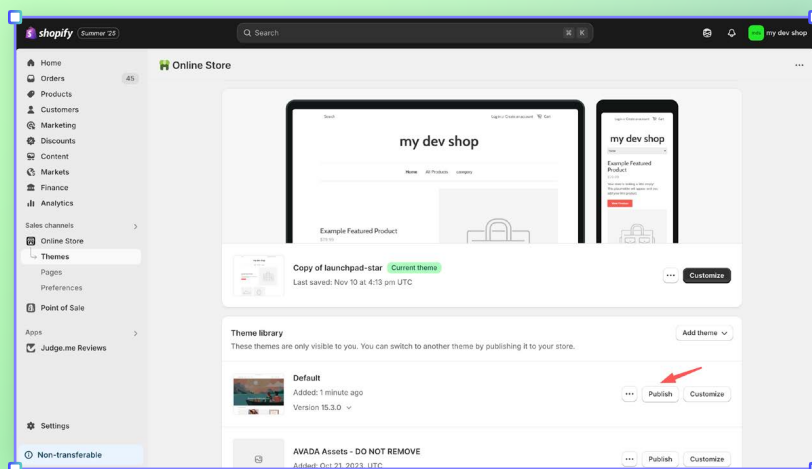
1. In your admin dashboard, click **"Online Store"** on the left menu, then **"Themes."** You'll see a default theme already installed.
2. Click **"Add theme"** or **"Visit Theme Store."** This opens the Shopify Theme Store where you can browse over 100 themes. You can filter themes by layout style, industry, features, and price.



3. Preview themes by clicking on them, and when you find one you like, click **"Try theme"** (for free themes) or **"Purchase"** (for paid themes) to add it to your theme library.



4. Back in your admin's Theme Library, find the new theme and click **"Publish"** to make it the active theme on your store. You can then click **"View your store"** to see how it looks with your content.



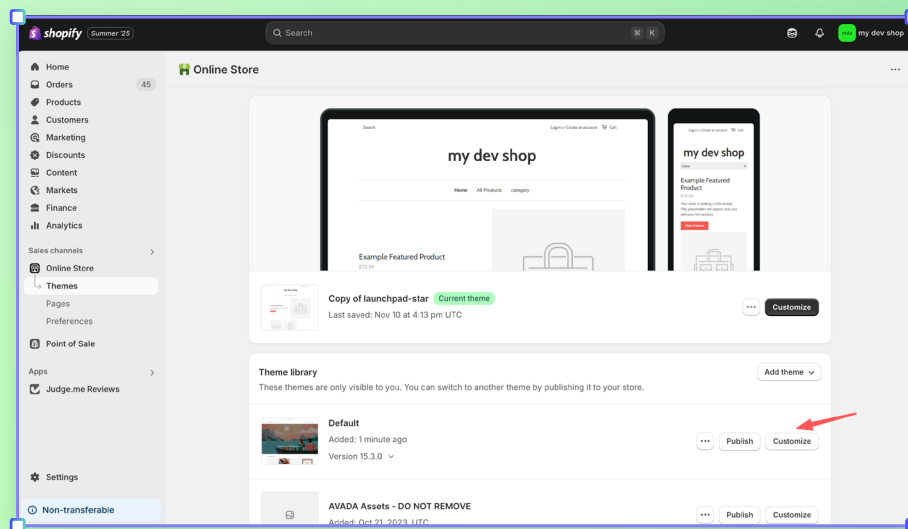
Feel free to experiment with multiple themes until you find one that fits your brand's look and has the features you need. You can change themes later as well.

**TIP:** Start with a **free theme** if you're unsure. Shopify's free themes (like Dawn, Debut, etc.) are simple, responsive, and great for beginners. You can always upgrade to a paid theme later once you know what features you require.

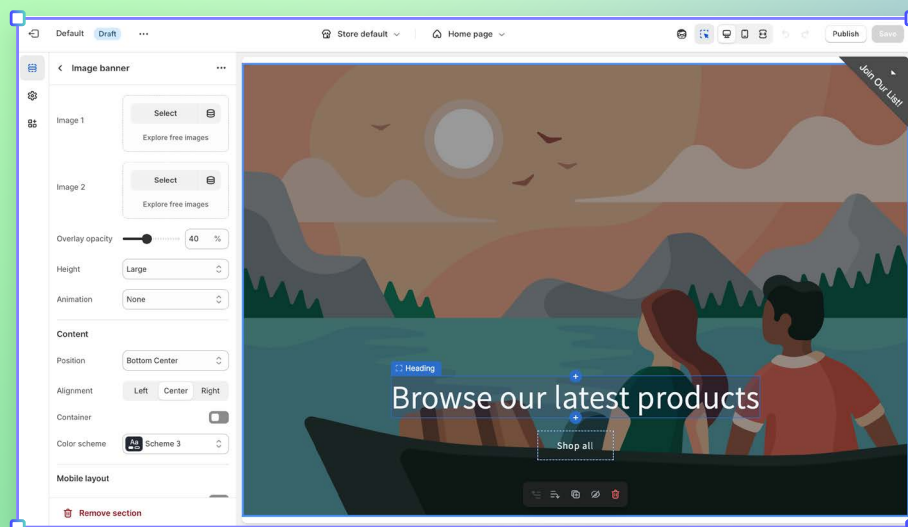
## 2.2 CUSTOMIZE YOUR THEME

After selecting a theme, you'll customize it to match your brand and preferences. Shopify's **Theme Editor** lets you make changes with a live preview:

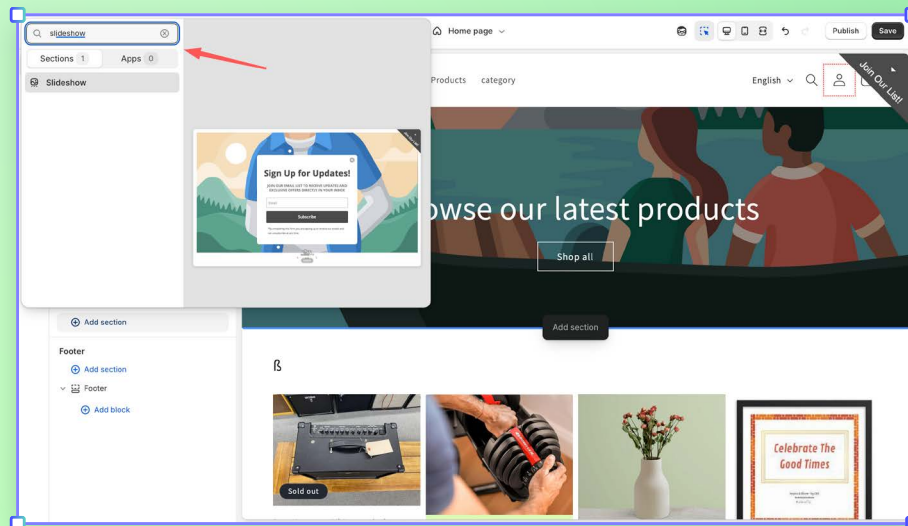
- In the **Online Store > Themes** section, click the **"Customize"** button for your published theme. This opens the theme editor.



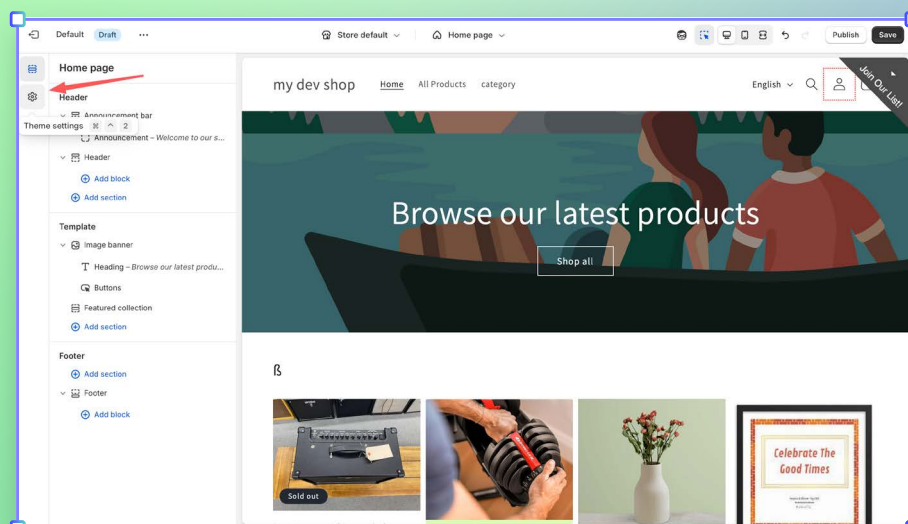
- The left side of the editor shows **Sections** (like header, footer, product list, etc.) which you can click to edit. The right side (main area) shows a live preview of your site.



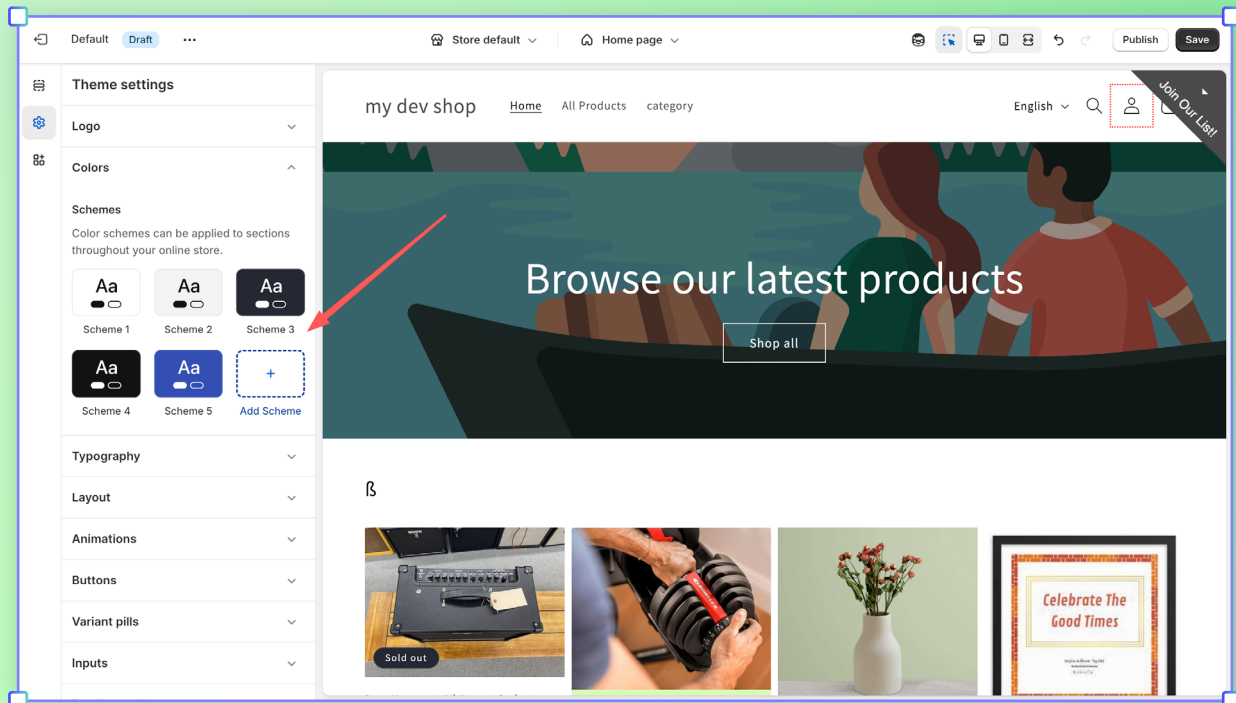
- Use the Sections to add, remove, or rearrange content blocks on your pages. For example, you might add a **Slideshow** section on the homepage or change text in the **Header**. To do this, place your mouse pointer at the boundary between sections. Then choose **"Add section"** > In the search bar, find **"Slideshow"**. The changes you make update in real-time on the preview.



- Switch between page types (homepage, product page, collection page, etc.) using the top dropdown in the editor to customize each type of page. For instance, you can configure how your product pages look by selecting a product in the preview and editing its layout.
- Click on **Theme Settings** (usually an icon or tab in the editor) to adjust overall styles: colors, fonts (typography), button styles, etc..



Here you can also upload your **logo** and set your brand color scheme. Adjusting these will apply site-wide.



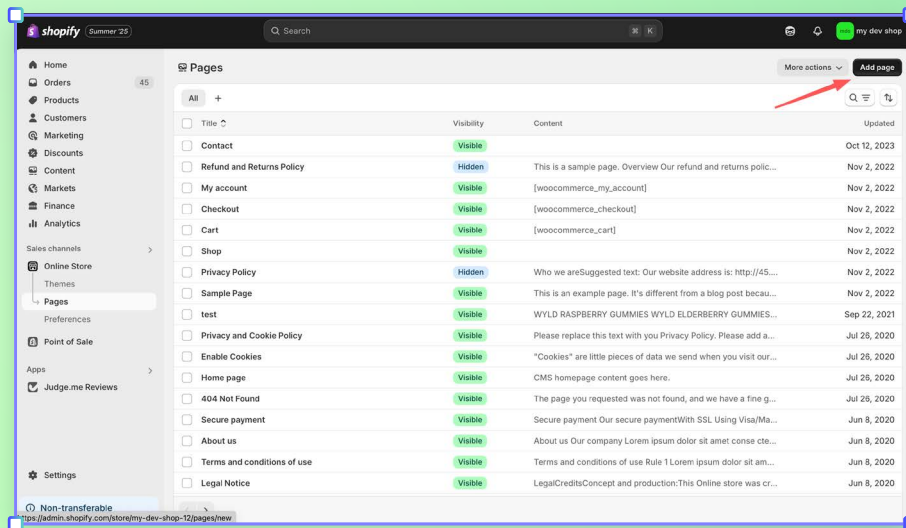
Make sure to **Save** your changes periodically. Take time to experiment with the editor; you can't break anything permanently, and you can reset sections if needed.

- **TIP:** Maintain consistency in your design. Use the same colors and fonts as your brand logo across the site for a professional look. If you don't have a logo or color scheme yet, Shopify has a free logo maker and you can choose a preset color palette in the theme settings.

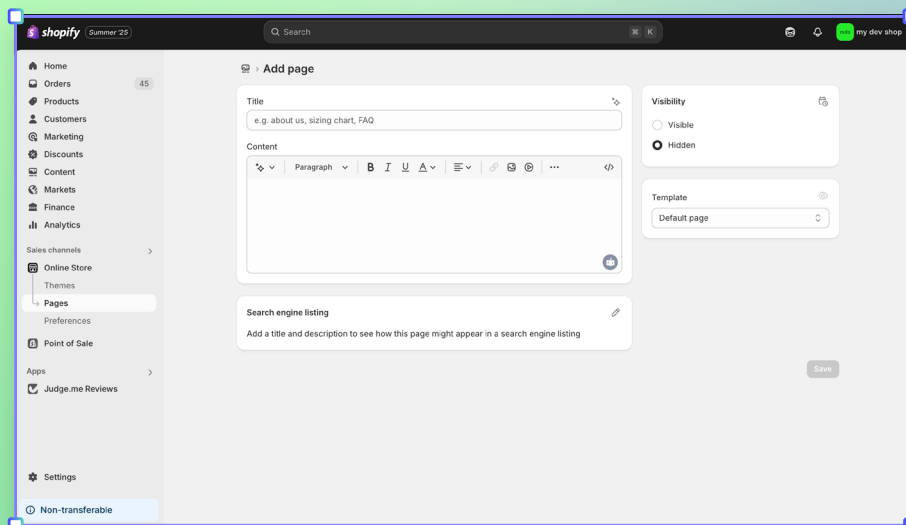
## 2.3 CREATE ESSENTIAL PAGES AND NAVIGATION

Beyond the homepage and product pages, you'll likely need a few basic pages: an **About Us** page, a **Contact Us** page, maybe a FAQ page, etc. To add a new page:

- In your admin, go to **Online Store > Pages**, then click **"Add page."**



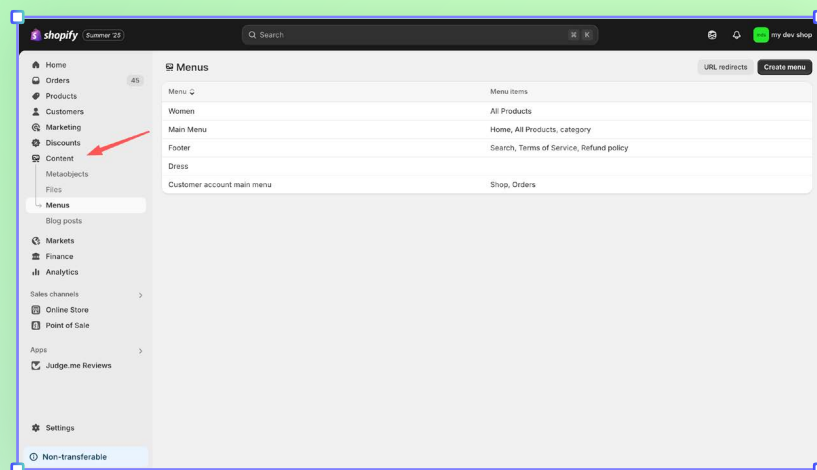
- Enter a **Page title** (e.g., "About Us") and content in the editor. You can format text and add images or videos here. Keep it simple and informative.



- For a Contact page, Shopify provides an easy template: create a page titled "Contact" and select the **contact page template** on the right side before saving (Shopify will include a contact form automatically).
- Click **"Save"** to create the page. Repeat for any other pages you need.

Once your pages are created, make sure customers can find them. You should add them to your store's **navigation menus** (usually the main menu or footer menu):

- Go to **Content > Menu**. Edit the **Main Menu** to add links to your new pages (e.g., add an "About Us" link pointing to your About page). You might have "Home", "Catalog" or "Shop", and now you can add "About Us" and "Contact".



- Similarly, you can add these to your **Footer Menu** so they appear at the bottom of your site.

Organizing your navigation ensures visitors can easily find information.

**TIP:** Keep your main menu concise – include the most important links (like Shop/Products, About, Contact). Less critical links can go in the footer. A simple, clear menu helps first-time visitors navigate your store easily.

## Chapter 3

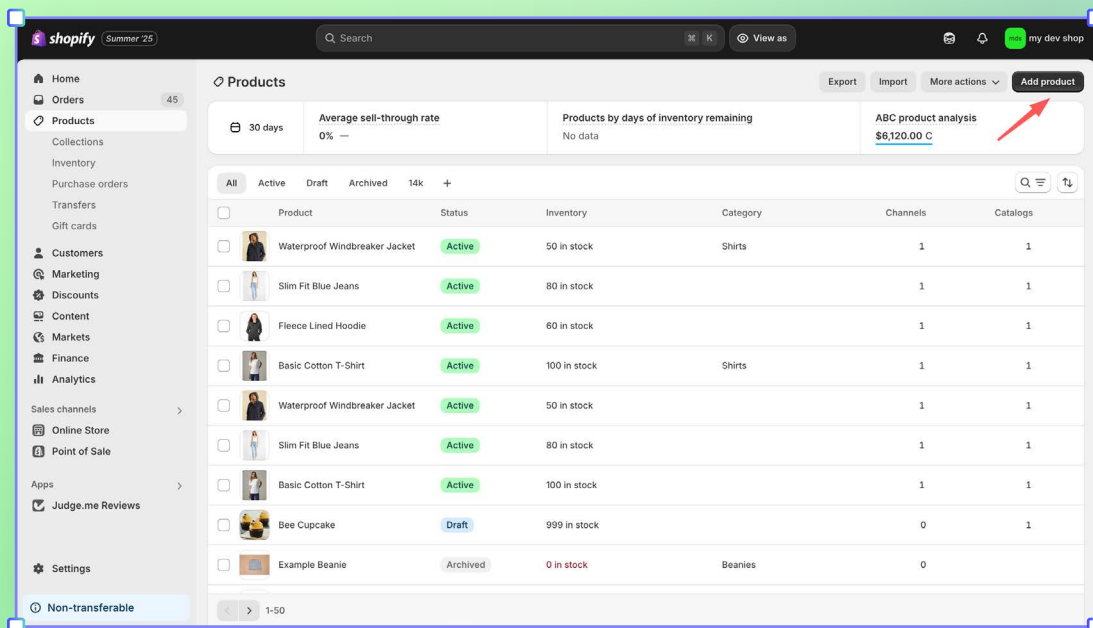
# Adding Products

Now let's add the actual products you plan to sell. Shopify allows both **physical products** (items that require shipping) and **digital products** (files or services delivered online). We will cover both.

### 3.1 ADDING A PHYSICAL PRODUCT

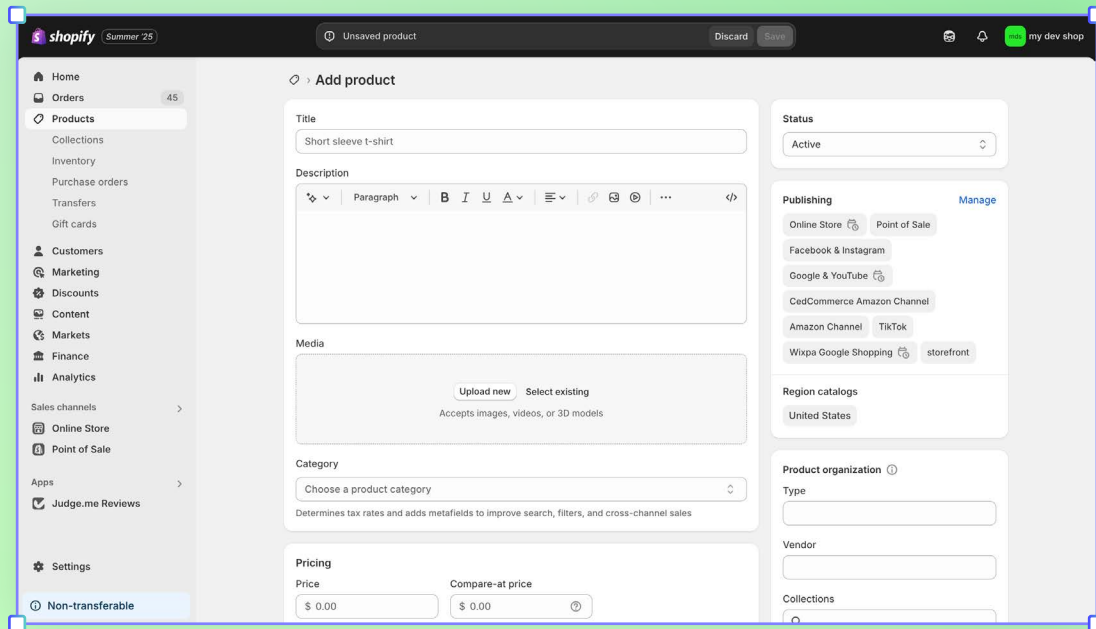
Adding a product in Shopify is straightforward:

1. In the admin sidebar, click **"Products"**, then the **"Add product"** button. This opens the product editor.



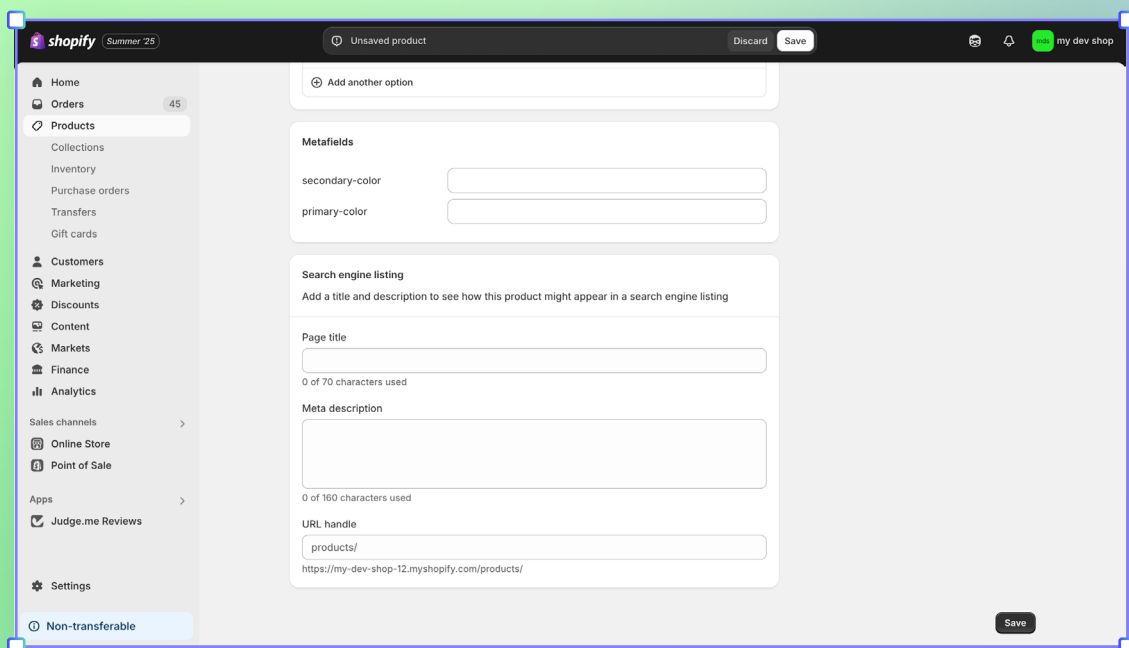
2. Enter your **Product Title** and **Description**. Describe the product clearly – include features, dimensions, materials, etc., especially for physical goods.

3. Upload **Product Images**. Click “Add media” to upload images from your computer. Use high-quality photos with good lighting. You can add multiple images to show different angles.



4. Set the **Price** of your product. You can also input a **Compare at price** (original price) if you're showing a sale, and a **Cost per item** (for your internal margin tracking) – the latter is optional and not shown to customers.
5. **Inventory:** If you track stock, enter the SKU (Stock Keeping Unit) or use Shopify's default, and the quantity in stock. If it's a unique product or you don't track inventory, you can leave SKU blank and uncheck "Track quantity".
6. **Shipping:** If this product is a physical item, ensure the “**This is a physical product**” checkbox is checked (it is by default). Enter the weight (for shipping calculations) and optional customs info if you plan to ship internationally. (For digital products, see Section 3.2 below)

7. **Variants:** If your product has options like size or color, click **"Add options (variants)"**. For example, you can add a Size option with values S, M, L, and so on. Shopify will generate variants for each option combination. You can set separate prices or SKUs for each variant if needed.
8. **Product Organization:** You can assign the product to a **Product Category** (to help with discovery on some sales channels) and add **Tags** (useful for internal organization or filtering products on collection pages). Also assign it to a **Collection** if you have one (e.g., "Summer Collection" or simply "All Products").
9. **Search engine listing preview:** Scroll down to find the **SEO preview** for the product page. Click "Edit website SEO." Here you can customize the **Page title** and **Meta description** that will appear on search engines. Make sure the title includes the product name and maybe a key detail (e.g., "Blue Cotton T-Shirt – YourStoreName") and write a concise, persuasive meta description containing relevant keywords. This helps with SEO (more on SEO in Chapter 8).



10. When everything is filled out, click **“Save”**. The product is now added to your store! If your online store is live (no password), it would be visible to customers. For now, it’s fine since your store is likely still password-protected until launch.

Repeat the above steps for each product you have. If you’re just starting, try adding at least a few products so you can see how they look in your theme and ensure everything displays properly.

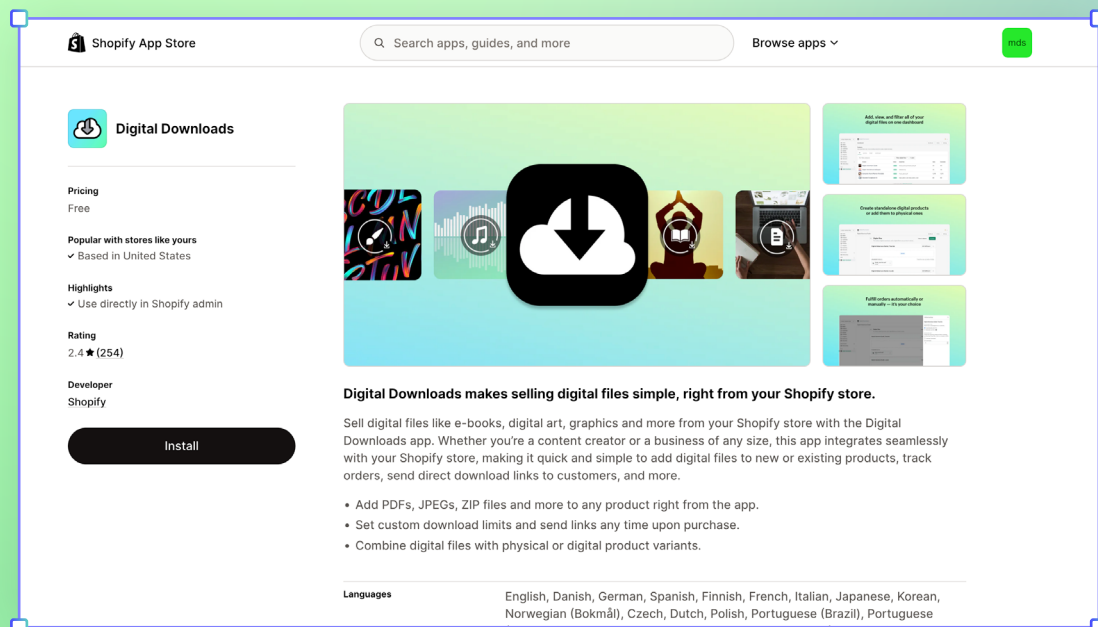
**TIP: Product Descriptions** should focus on benefits and clear details. Break up long text with bullet points for features so customers can scan. Also, use all 3-5 images allowed to show different angles or uses of the product. High-quality visuals and copy can greatly improve sales.



## 3.2 ADDING DIGITAL PRODUCTS (DOWNLOADS)

Selling digital goods (like e-books, music, software, or any downloadable files) on Shopify is possible, but requires one extra step: providing the download to customers. Shopify doesn't natively host digital files for automatic delivery, so you'll use an **official app** for this purpose. Here's how to set up a digital product:

- **Add the product in Shopify:** Follow the same steps as adding a physical product (title, description, images, price, etc.), but **uncheck the "This is a physical product"** checkbox in the Shipping section. This tells Shopify not to calculate shipping for this item (since it's delivered online).
- **Install the Digital Downloads app:** Shopify offers a free app called **"Digital Downloads"** to handle digital file delivery. Go to **Apps** in your admin and click **"Shopify App Store."** Search for "Digital Downloads" (by Shopify) and install it. This app integrates with your store.



- **Attach the file:** After installing, open the Digital Downloads app and it will show your products. Find the digital product you added and upload the file (e.g., PDF, MP3, ZIP) that customers should receive. The app will generate a download link for customers after purchase.
- **Test it:** It's a good idea to do a quick test by creating a **test order** (we'll cover test orders in Chapter 9) to ensure the download link is delivered properly and the file downloads without issues.

Shopify's Digital Downloads app will automatically email a link to the customer when they purchase the product. If you ever update the file (new version), you can re-upload it in the app. For selling services (like consulting hours or custom work), you'd similarly uncheck "physical product" and then manually deliver or coordinate with the customer (that may involve email or another method since no file is downloaded).

**TIP:** Even for digital products, consider adding a nice image or graphic as the "product image" so your product listing looks appealing. For example, if you sell an eBook PDF, use the book cover image as the product image.



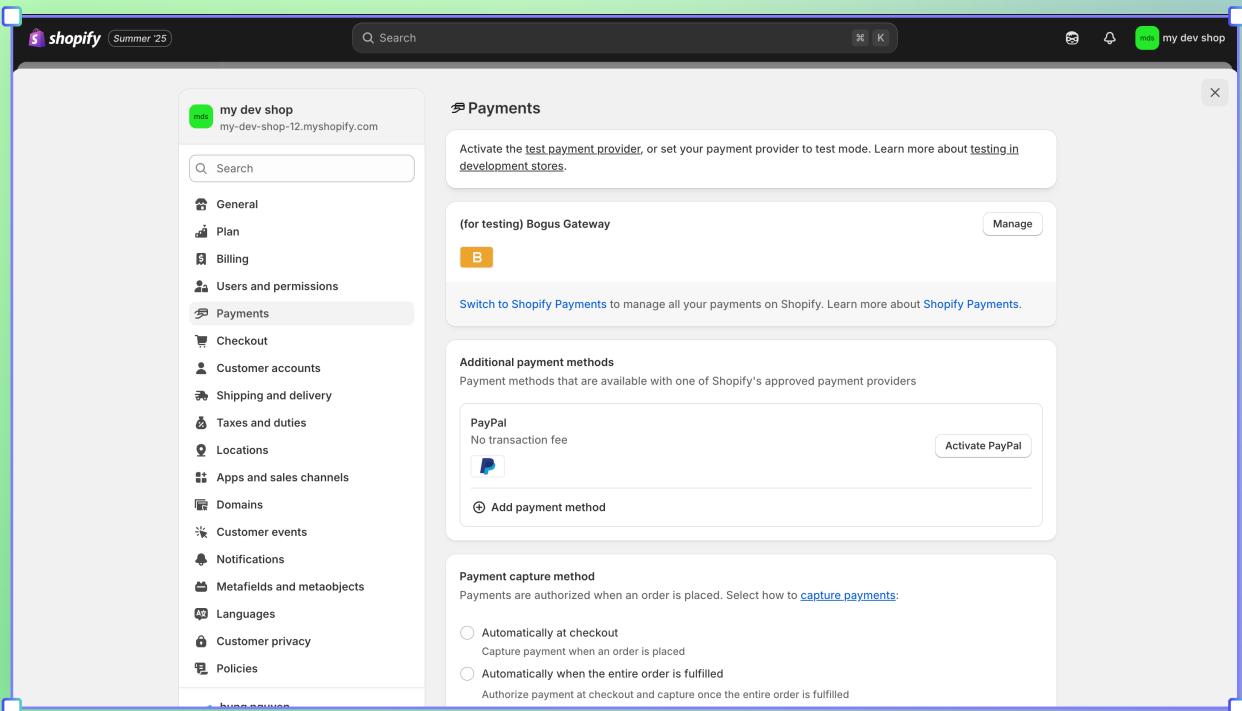
## Chapter 4

# Payments and Checkout Setup

*To actually accept orders and money, you need to set up payment processing. Shopify makes this easy by supporting a variety of payment methods. You'll also want to configure checkout settings to make the purchase process smooth.*

### 4.1 SET UP PAYMENT METHODS

Shopify offers its own integrated payment gateway called **Shopify Payments**, and also supports PayPal, credit cards, and other third-party payment providers.



To configure payments:

1. In your admin, click **Settings** (bottom left), then **"Payments."**
2. If available in your country, you'll see **Shopify Payments** as an option. Click **"Activate Shopify Payments."** You'll need to provide business details and bank account info for payouts. The benefit of using Shopify Payments is that Shopify waives additional transaction fees on orders. It also enables Apple Pay, Google Pay, and Shop Pay by default for a seamless checkout experience.
3. Enable **PayPal**: Shopify often automatically creates a PayPal Express Checkout account for the email you used to sign up. You can activate it by clicking on the PayPal section and logging in to your PayPal to link it. PayPal is a popular option for customers.
4. **Alternative Payment Methods**: If you want to accept other methods (like Stripe, Authorize.net, Amazon Pay, etc.), you can choose them under **"Third-party providers"** or **"Alternative payments"** in the Payments settings and follow the setup instructions. Common credit card gateways can be found here if not using Shopify Payments.
5. **Manual Payments** (optional): You can also allow orders with manual payment like bank deposit or cash on delivery. To do this, scroll to Manual Payment Methods in the Payments settings and add an option (you could add instructions for the customer on how to pay).

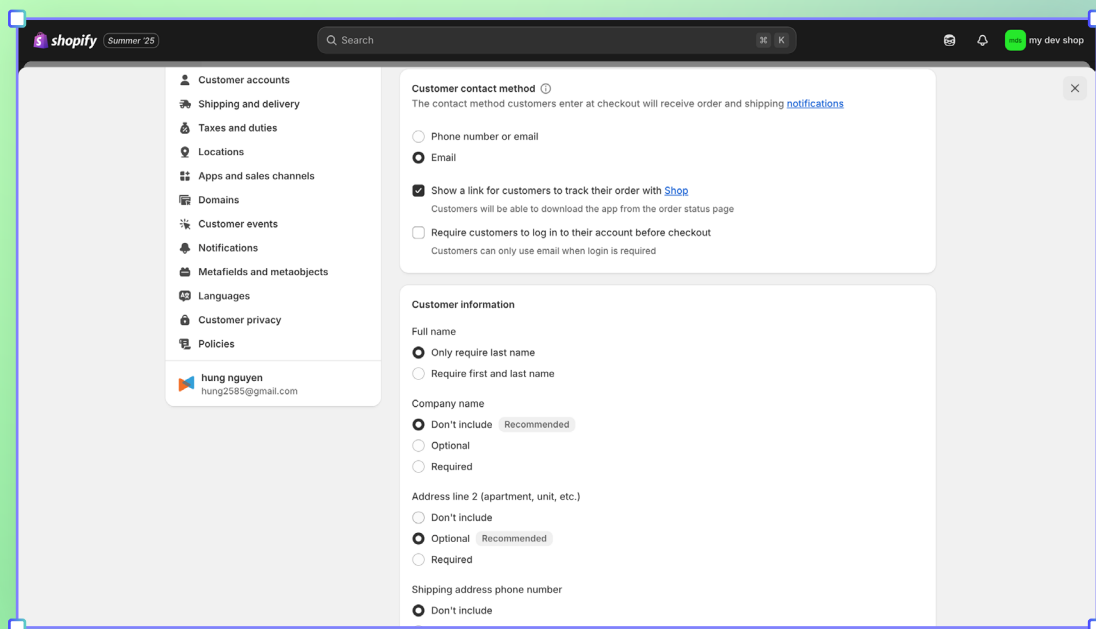
After setting up, **test your payment setup** by simulating a transaction (more on testing in Chapter 9). Shopify Payments also has a **test mode** you can use to run dummy transactions without charging a real card.

**TIP:** If Shopify Payments is available, it's recommended for beginners because it's easy and consolidates everything in Shopify. Keep an eye on transaction fees – with Shopify Payments you only pay the card processing fees, whereas external gateways might incur additional fees per transaction.

## 4.2 CONFIGURE CHECKOUT SETTINGS

Shopify provides a standard secure checkout for all stores. You have some options to configure how the checkout works for your customers. To access these settings, go to **Settings > Checkout** in your admin. Key checkout settings to review:

- **Customer accounts:** You can choose whether to make customer accounts **Optional**, **Required**, or **Disabled**. For beginners, "Accounts Optional" is a good choice, so customers can check out as guests but also have the option to create an account.
- **Customer information:** Decide what contact info is required. By default, Shopify will ask for an email (or phone number for SMS) for receipts. You can also choose whether to require a shipping address phone number (useful for delivery updates, but some customers prefer not to give it).

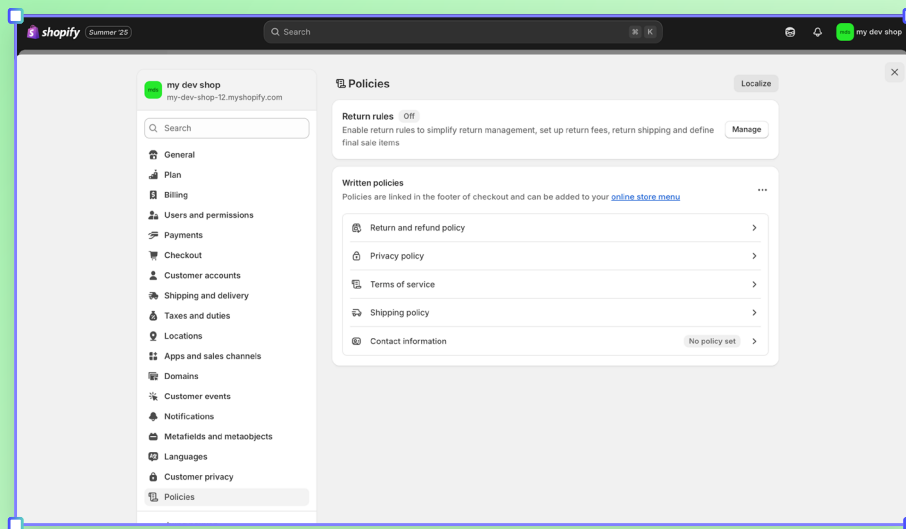


- **Order processing:** There are options like enabling address autocompletion (to help customers fill in addresses faster), or whether to automatically fulfill orders (keep this off for physical products – you'll fulfill manually or via shipping).
- **Tipping:** If you want to allow customers to add a tip (not common unless you're doing something like a restaurant or service), you can enable tipping options at checkout.
- **Checkout language and style:** You can't change the fundamental layout of the checkout unless on Shopify Plus, but you can add your **logo** to the checkout page and change the accent color. In **Online Store > Themes > Customize**, if you navigate to the Checkout in the page dropdown, you may find options to upload a logo and customize colors specifically for the checkout page. This keeps branding consistent.
- **Abandoned checkouts:** Shopify can send a reminder email to customers who abandon their checkout. In Checkout settings, ensure this email is turned on (it usually is by default, set to send after 10 hours). This can help recover lost sales.

Most of the default checkout settings are fine for a new store. Just review them to ensure it fits your needs (for example, enable the phone number requirement if you want to collect that, etc.).

## 4.3 POLICIES (OPTIONAL BUT RECOMMENDED)

In the same **Settings** area under **Policies**, Shopify allows you to generate and/or link your store policies for Refunds, Privacy Policy, Terms of Service, and Shipping Policy.



It's a good idea to have these in place before launch:

- Shopify can **generate template policies** for you – you can then edit them to fit your business. For example, it can provide a starting point for a refund policy.
- Once saved, these policy pages will be linked automatically on your checkout (e.g., “By checking out you agree to the Terms of Service and have read the Privacy Policy” with links).
- You can also link these in your footer menu for transparency.

While boilerplate text is provided, be sure to read and adjust them to your actual business practices (like your return timeframe, etc.).

**TIP:** A clear refund or return policy can increase customer trust. If you're selling digital products, clarify if you offer refunds or not. For physical products, outline the conditions (unused, within 30 days, etc.). Even if you use Shopify's template, make it your own.

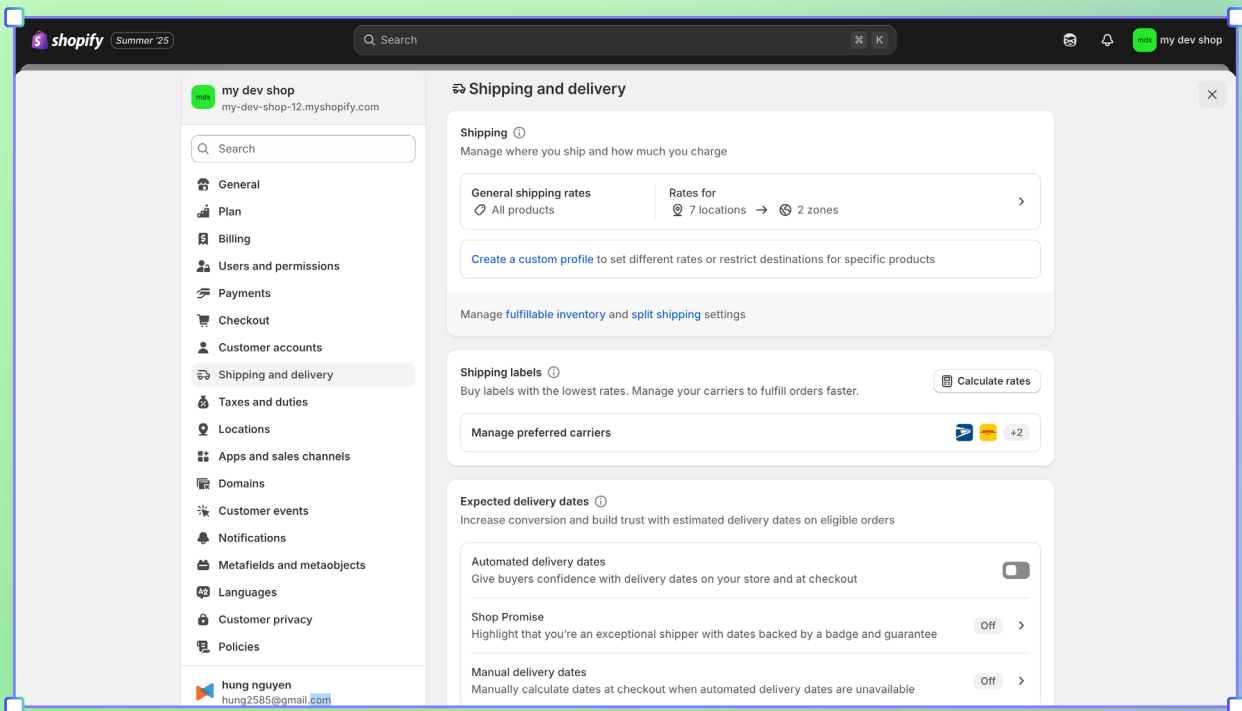
## Chapter 5

# Shipping Settings

If you sell physical goods, you need to set up shipping rates so Shopify knows how to charge customers for shipping (or if you offer free shipping).

**Digital products** can skip this chapter, since no shipping is required.

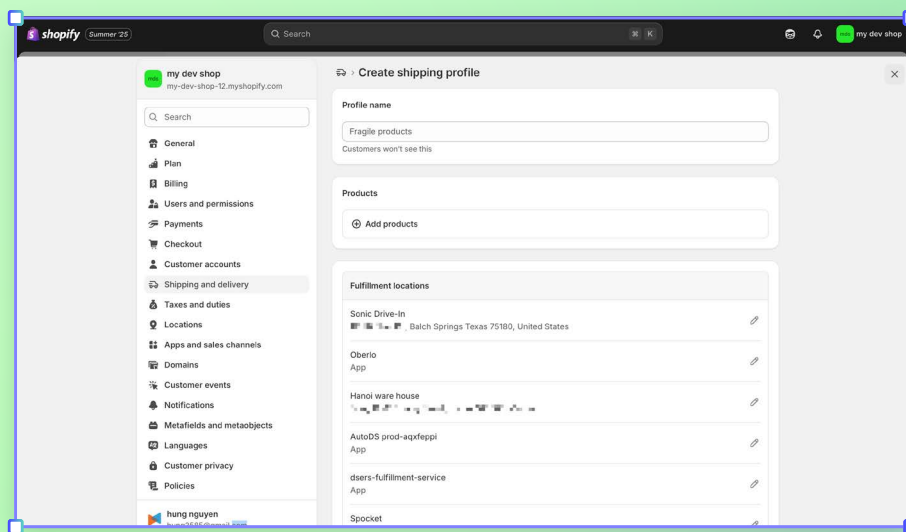
By default, Shopify creates some shipping **zones** for you, often one for your home country and one for international. All your physical products will use these rates unless specified otherwise.



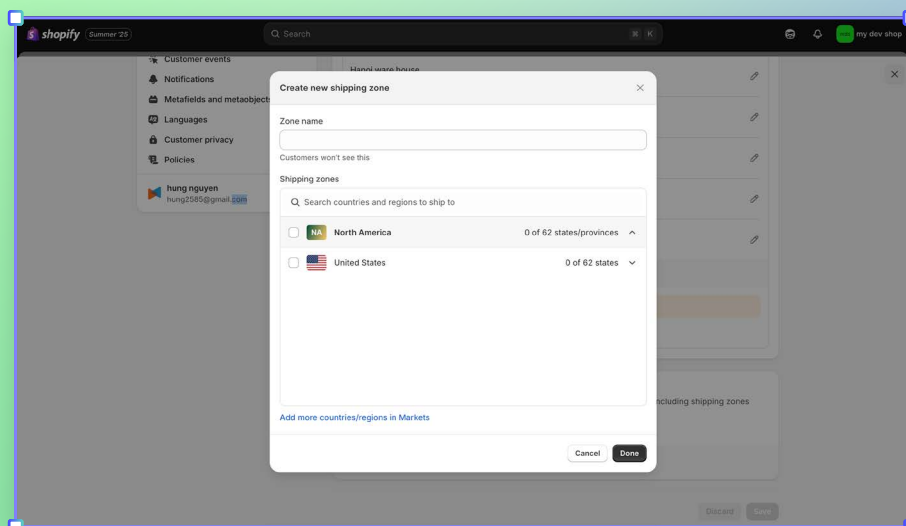
## 5.1 CONFIGURE SHIPPING ZONES AND RATES

To set up shipping, go to **Settings > Shipping and delivery** in your admin. Here's what to do:

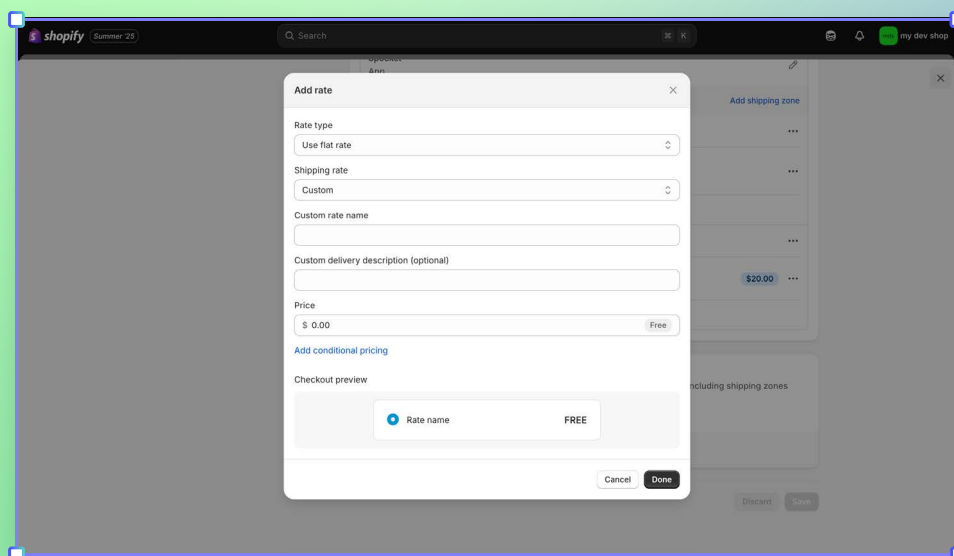
- You will see sections for **Shipping** (for physical shipping) and possibly **Local delivery / Local pickup** if you want those (ignore local options if not applicable). Under Shipping, find **Shipping profiles** (the General Profile applies to all products by default). Click **"Manage"** next to your General Shipping Profile.



- You'll see your **Shipping zones**. For example, Shopify might have created "Domestic (Your Country)" and "Rest of World" as two zones. You can edit these or add new zones. A zone is simply a group of countries or regions that will share the same shipping rates.



- Decide where you will ship. If it's just your country, you can delete the "Rest of World" zone to avoid accidental international orders. If you do ship worldwide, keep it and adjust as needed.
- Within each zone, set up **Shipping rates**. You have choices for rate types:
  - **Price-based or weight-based rates:** e.g., charge a flat \$5 shipping for orders under \$50, and free above \$50; or charge \$10 for orders 0-5kg, \$20 for 5-10kg, etc. You can add conditions based on order price or weight.
  - **Flat rate:** e.g., a flat \$5 for any order in that zone.
  - **Free shipping:** you can set a rate of \$0 (often with a condition like "Free shipping on orders over \$X").
  - **Carrier-calculated rates:** if you connect a shipping carrier or use Shopify Shipping, you can offer real-time calculated rates from USPS, UPS, FedEx, etc. (This might be advanced for now, and requires a package weight/dimensions setup. As a beginner, you might skip this until you grow.)



- For a simple start, you might set something like: Domestic zone – \$5 flat rate shipping, and maybe free shipping over \$50. To do that, add a **rate**, name it (customers will see the name at checkout), set price \$5. Then click “Add condition” if you want to add the free over \$50: add a condition “Based on order price: Minimum \$50” and set that rate’s price to \$0 (and name it “Free Shipping”).
- Remove any rates or zones you don’t plan to use. Make sure there’s a rate covering all your intended shipping destinations, or customers in a zone with no rate won’t be able to check out.

Shopify automatically added generic domestic/international zones for you as mentioned. Adjusting those ensures customers are charged correctly. If offering **free shipping**, you can simply set the rate to \$0 as noted (some merchants build the shipping cost into product prices instead).



## 5.2 HANDLING NO SHIPPING (DIGITAL PRODUCTS OR SERVICES)

If you only sell digital products or services, you might not need any shipping settings at all. However, ensure that for each digital product you **unchecked “This is a physical product”** (as covered in Chapter 3) so that Shopify knows not to add shipping charges for those. In Settings > Shipping, you could technically remove all shipping zones to prevent any shipping calculation, but simply marking products correctly is sufficient.

## 5.3 UNDERSTANDING SHIPPING AT CHECKOUT

Once your rates are set, test the checkout with different order scenarios (use the preview or a test order) to ensure the correct shipping options appear. For instance, add a product to cart and go to checkout—after entering a shipping address, you should see the shipping rates you configured. If something is off (e.g., no rates showing or wrong pricing), revisit the shipping settings to adjust. Keep in mind shipping can be refined as you learn actual costs; many beginners start with simple flat rates and adjust later.

**TIP: Start simple with shipping.** Many new store owners overcomplicate shipping with too many options. In the beginning, a flat rate or free shipping threshold is easy for customers to understand. As you grow and know your exact shipping costs, you can refine your strategy (like adding weight-based tiers or live carrier rates). Also, clearly communicate your shipping policy (delivery times, etc.) on a Shipping Policy page to manage customer expectations.

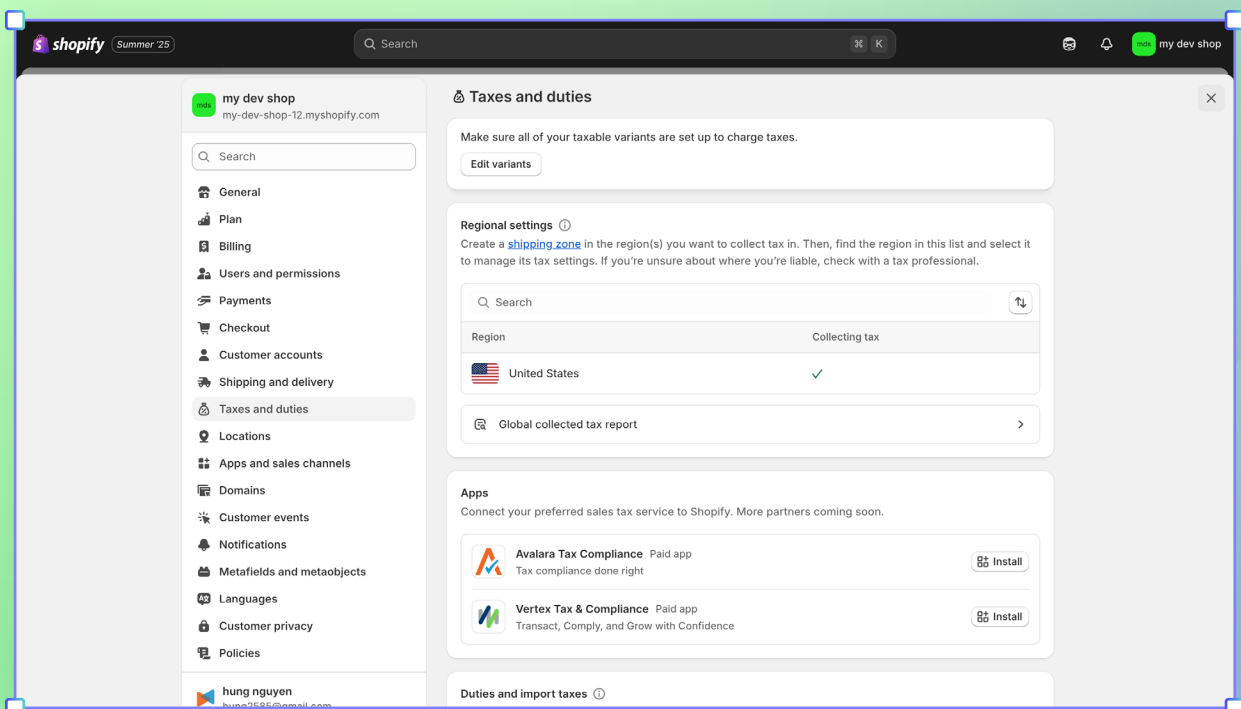
## Chapter 6

# Taxes Configuration

*Setting up taxes in Shopify ensures that customers are charged any required sales taxes, and that you have the data to remit those taxes to the government. Tax settings can vary widely by country and region, but Shopify provides tools to handle common cases automatically.*

### 6.1 BASIC TAX SETUP

Go to **Settings > Taxes and duties** in your Shopify admin. Shopify may prompt you with a tax setup wizard based on your store address.



Key points for basic setup:

- **Store Location:** Make sure your business address is correctly entered in **Settings > Store details (or Locations)**. Shopify uses your location to determine default tax rates.
- **Automatic Tax Calculation:** Shopify can automatically calculate sales tax for many regions (like US states, Canadian provinces, EU VAT, etc.) using a database of rates. You'll typically see an option to collect tax in your home country (and perhaps specify states or countries where you are registered to collect tax). Follow the prompts to enable Shopify's tax calculation for your region. For example, in the United States, you might enable **Shopify Tax** which covers U.S. sales tax collection for states where you have nexus (obligation to collect). In the EU, VAT rates can be automatically applied.
- **Include taxes in prices?:** Decide if your product prices are tax-inclusive or tax-exclusive. In many countries like the US, prices are shown before tax and tax is added at checkout. In others (like some EU countries), prices are shown with VAT included. Shopify lets you choose **"All prices include tax"** if that's your case (you can find this under tax settings for your country). By default in US stores, this is off (tax added on top at checkout).
- **Tax Exemptions or Overrides:** As a beginner, you likely won't need complex overrides. But if you know your product is tax-exempt (like some food or clothing in certain areas), you could set that at the product level (each product has a checkbox for "Charge tax on this product"). Leave it checked unless you're sure it's not taxable. Overrides allow custom rules, but those are advanced and not needed unless standard rates don't apply for your product.

Shopify's default settings cover most scenarios. Always verify that the taxes being charged match your local laws. If unsure, consult with a tax professional, as you're responsible for collecting and remitting taxes correctly.

## 6.2 TAX SETTINGS FOR DIGITAL PRODUCTS

If you sell digital products, be aware that some regions have specific tax rules. For example, in the **European Union, VAT on digital goods** is charged based on the customer's country (this is called VAT MOSS rule). Shopify can handle this if you have EU tax settings enabled – just ensure you have your business registered for EU VAT if required, and Shopify will apply the correct rate per country. In the US, digital goods taxability varies by state (some states tax digital goods, others don't). You may need to configure a setting or override if Shopify doesn't automatically account for that. The Shopify help docs have region-specific guidance if needed.

## 6.3 DISPLAYING AND REPORTING TAXES

If you charge taxes, Shopify will automatically show the tax breakdown in checkout and on receipts. For instance, a customer in California might see "Tax: \$X" at checkout if you're collecting CA sales tax.

On your end, the **Orders** section and **Analytics > Reports** will show how much tax you've collected for each region, which is useful when it's time to file tax returns. Remember, Shopify itself doesn't remit the taxes for you (unless you use a specific service or app) – it's still your job to report and pay them to the government. Shopify just makes the calculation and collection easier.

**TIP:** Always double-check tax settings especially if you start selling to new regions. Laws can change, and while Shopify updates default rates, your obligation to register in a state/country depends on your business's circumstances (like your location, sales volume, etc.). When in doubt, seek advice from an accountant familiar with e-commerce. It's better to set up taxes correctly from the start than to have to fix miscollected taxes later.

## Chapter 7

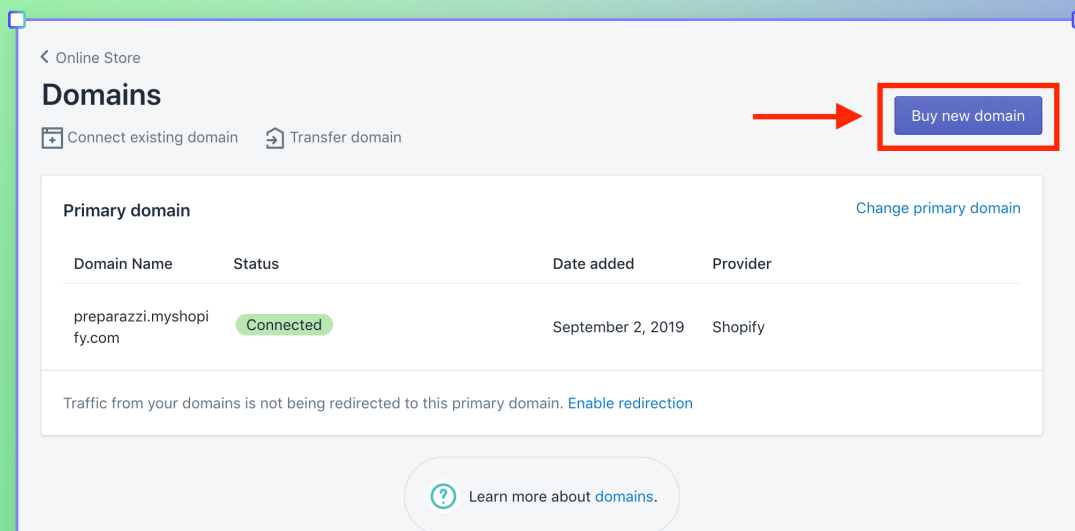
# Adding a Custom Domain

By default, when you created your Shopify store, it was given a **myshopify.com** URL (something like **your-store-name.myshopify.com**). While this default domain works, it's more professional to use your own custom domain (like **yourstorename.com**). A custom domain is easier for customers to remember and builds credibility.

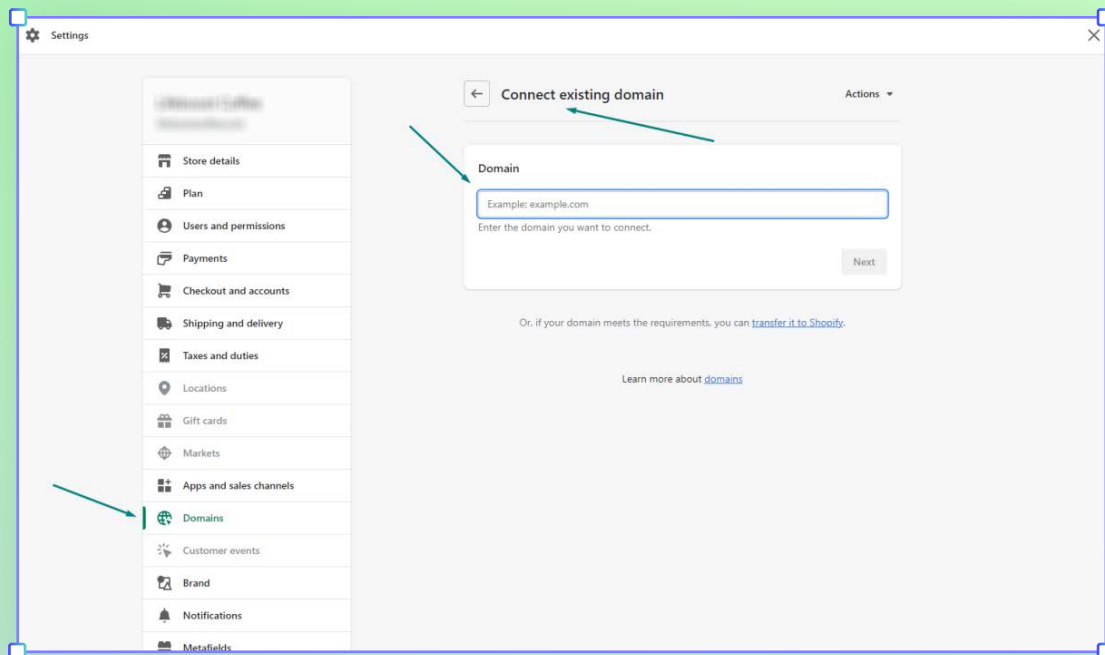
### 7.1 PURCHASING OR CONNECTING A DOMAIN

Shopify allows you to **buy a domain through Shopify** or **connect an existing domain** you purchased elsewhere:

- To manage domains, go to **Settings > Domains** (or **Online Store > Domains** in the sidebar).
- If you don't have a domain yet, click **"Buy new domain."** Search for your desired domain name and see if it's available. Shopify will show the yearly price (often around \$10-\$15 for standard .com domains, though it can vary). Purchasing through Shopify is easy – it automatically configures the domain to point to your store. You'll be charged via your Shopify account for renewal annually.



- If you already bought a domain from a third-party registrar (like GoDaddy, Namecheap, Google Domains, etc.), click **"Connect existing domain."** Enter your domain name. Shopify will then give you DNS instructions – essentially, you'll have to log in to your domain registrar and edit the DNS records to point the domain to Shopify's servers (usually by setting an A record to Shopify's IP address and a CNAME for www to shops.myshopify.com). Shopify's interface will guide you through the required records. Once you update the DNS, it may take a few hours (up to 48 hours max) to propagate. Shopify will show the status as **"Connected"** when it verifies the settings.



Whether you buy via Shopify or connect an external domain, the result is the same – users will be able to visit your store at that custom URL. Shopify will automatically provision an SSL certificate for your domain (meaning your site will load securely with **https://**).

## 7.2 SETTING PRIMARY DOMAIN

After adding a custom domain, you should make it the **primary domain** so that all traffic uses it: in the Domains settings, you'll see your myshopify domain and the new custom domain. You can select the custom domain and set it as primary. This means **yourstore.com** will be the main address, and **your-store-name.myshopify.com** will redirect to it. This is important for branding and SEO.

## 7.3 EMAIL CONSIDERATIONS

If you have a custom domain, you might want an email address at that domain (e.g., info@yourstore.com). Shopify doesn't host email, but your domain registrar might. If you bought the domain via Shopify, Shopify partners with Google Workspace and others to offer email forwarding or you can set up forwarding addresses (like forward info@ to your personal email). Check the Shopify documentation on email forwarding if you need it – it's beyond this guide's scope, but keep in mind for a professional presence.

**TIP:** Keep your domain name **short and memorable**. If your business name is long, consider a shorter version for the domain. Avoid numbers and hyphens if possible (they can be confusing when spoken). Once you have your domain, don't forget to update any personal business cards or social media profiles with your new store URL!

## Chapter 8

# SEO Basics

*SEO (Search Engine Optimization) is the practice of configuring your online store to be more visible in search engine results (like Google). While SEO can get very complex, there are some basic **on-page SEO** steps you can do in Shopify that will improve your store's chances of being found by customers searching for your products.*

### 8.1 OPTIMIZE PAGE TITLES AND META DESCRIPTIONS

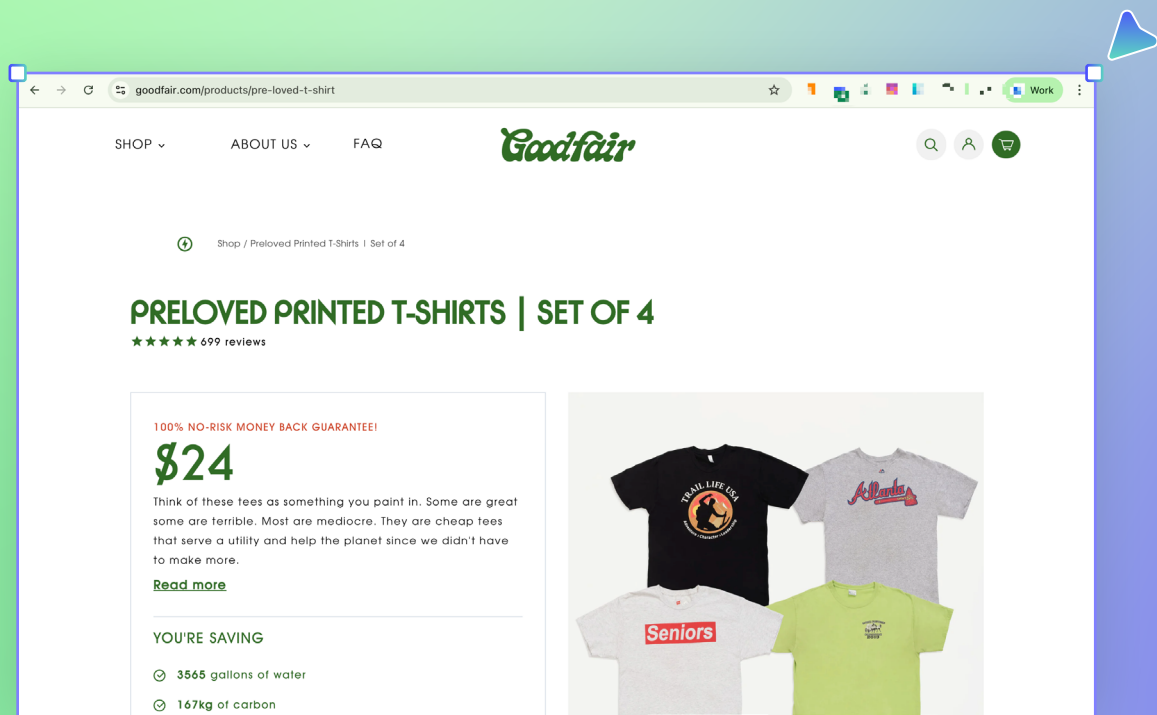
We touched on this in Chapter 3 for product pages. Every page, product, and collection in Shopify has a spot to edit the **SEO title and meta description**. These are important because search engines display this info to users. To optimize:

- **Page Title:** Make sure each product's title is clear and includes what the product is. For example, instead of just "Model X", use "Model X Wireless Headphones – BrandName". The format "Product – StoreName" is common. Keep it under ~60 characters for the title tag.
- **Meta Description:** Write a 1-2 sentence description for each key page (homepage, products, collections) that entices a user to click. Include relevant keywords naturally. For example: "Shop the Model X Wireless Headphones – 10 hours battery, noise-cancelling. Free shipping & 2-year warranty. Elevate your music experience." Keep meta descriptions around 155 characters or less.

- In Shopify, for products, you find this under **"Search engine listing preview"** on the product edit page. For pages and collections, it's similarly at the bottom of their edit screens. For the homepage, you can set the title/description via **Online Store > Preferences** in your admin, where there's a field for **Homepage title** and **Homepage meta description**. **Make sure to fill those out** – by default, your homepage might just show your store name. Craft a descriptive title (e.g., "Your Store Name – Handmade Jewelry & Accessories") and a welcoming meta description for your homepage. This is important for your Google listing.

## 8.2 URL HANDLES AND STRUCTURE

Shopify by default creates SEO-friendly URLs (web addresses) for your products and pages based on the title you give. You usually don't need to change these, but keep your product titles and page titles succinct so that the URLs aren't too long or weird. For instance, a product titled "Blue Summer Beach Towel" will get a URL like **yourstore.com/products/blue-summer-beach-towel1**. That's fine. Avoid renaming products frequently (or if you do, update the handle) because the URL is a factor in SEO. If you must change a URL, Shopify will prompt you to create a redirect from the old URL to the new one – always do that to not lose any traffic.



## 8.3 SITE STRUCTURE AND NAVIGATION FOR SEO

A clear site structure helps SEO. What does that mean? Make sure your products are organized into **Collections** (categories) if appropriate, and that your navigation links to those collections. For example, if you sell clothing, having collections for “Men”, “Women”, “Sale” etc. which appear in your main menu helps search engines (and users) understand your site. It also allows you to create collection pages with their own descriptions (you can add an SEO-friendly description for collections in the collection editor).

Linking between your pages is good too. For instance, link to your best-selling products from your homepage or about page. This can help those product pages get more visibility.

## 8.4 IMAGE SEO

Images play a role in SEO as well. Always fill in the **alt text** for your product images and other images on your site. Alt text is a short description of the image (used by screen readers for accessibility and by Google to understand the image content). For example, alt text “Blue beach towel with white stripes” for a product image of the towel. In Shopify, when you upload images, there is an option to edit the alt text. This makes your site more accessible and can slightly help with image search rankings.

## 8.5 PERFORMANCE AND OTHER FACTORS

SEO isn't just keywords – site speed and mobile usability matter. Luckily, Shopify themes are generally optimized for speed and are mobile-responsive. To maintain this:

- Avoid uploading overly large images (resize them to reasonable dimensions before uploading; Shopify will handle some responsive resizing).
- The fewer apps and scripts you add, the faster your site will load. Since we're keeping things simple for now, you should be fine.
- Ensure your site looks good on mobile, as Google uses mobile-first indexing (most themes automatically do this, but double-check fonts are readable, images scale, etc.).

## 8.6 SUBMIT TO SEARCH ENGINES (OPTIONAL)

Once your store is live, you might want to submit your sitemap to Google via Google Search Console. Shopify automatically creates a sitemap at **[yourstore.com/sitemap.xml](#)**. Submitting it to search engines can help them index your pages faster. This step isn't strictly necessary (search engines will usually find your site on their own), but it can't hurt, especially if you want to ensure all pages are indexed. For a beginner guide, you can skip this until after launch, focusing first on getting the store ready and public.

**TIP:** The **Shopify SEO Checklist** (available on Shopify's blog) suggests focusing on optimizing product and collection pages first. A quick win: ensure each product has a unique description – not just manufacturer text – and use words that customers would search for. Over time, consider adding a blog to your site with helpful content related to your products; it can attract visitors via long-tail keywords. But at launch, the basics above will set a solid foundation.

## Chapter 9

# Launch Preparation

*You've configured almost everything — products, design, payments, shipping, taxes, domain, and SEO basics. Now it's time to prepare for launch. Launching means removing the password protection on your store so the public can access it. Before you do that, go through a final checklist and test your store thoroughly.*

### 9.1 PLACE A TEST ORDER

Testing the full customer experience is crucial. Shopify allows you to simulate transactions. Here are a couple of ways to test:

- **Bogus Gateway (for testing):** Shopify has a built-in “Bogus” credit card you can enable for testing if you're using Shopify Payments. In **Settings > Payments**, set your credit card gateway to test mode (or select “Bogus Gateway” as a provider). Then go to your online store as if you were a customer, add a product to cart, and proceed to checkout. At checkout, enter the bogus credit card details (Shopify provides test card numbers) to simulate a payment. Complete the order. This will create an order in your admin as if it were real, but no charge is actually made. Verify that the order appears in your **Orders** section and that you (as the customer) received an order confirmation email.

- **Real transaction with a coupon:** Alternatively, you could do a live test by creating a 100% off discount code, then using that to “buy” a product for \$0 (just pay shipping or even make shipping free for the test). This way, you see the order flow without charging a card.
- **Multiple scenarios:** Consider testing scenarios like: different shipping options (e.g., an order above your free shipping threshold to see if free shipping applies), different locations (maybe simulate an international order if you allow that), and different products (especially if you have variants or digital products). If you set up taxes, use an address that should trigger tax to see if it calculates correctly.

After each test order, you can safely cancel the order in your admin (to keep your data clean) and refund if any money was charged (in case of a real test transaction). Testing ensures there are no surprises for you or customers on launch day.



## 9.2 STORE LAUNCH CHECKLIST

Go through this checklist before going live:

- **All pages complete:** Double-check your essential pages (Home, About, Contact, FAQ, Policies). Are they proofread and do they have relevant info? No placeholder text remaining (“Lorem ipsum” or theme filler text)?
- **Navigation:** All menu links work correctly and point to the right pages (and open in new tab if they should, like external links)?
- **Products:** All products have images, descriptions, prices, and correct stock. No “Draft” products left that should be Active. Also check on the storefront that product thumbnails and pages look good on both desktop and mobile.
- **Payments:** Shopify Payments (or your chosen gateway) is active (not in test mode anymore) and ready to accept real payments. PayPal linked if you’re using it.
- **Shipping:** Rates are set and make sense. Try a few address zip codes in checkout to verify.
- **Taxes:** Correctly being applied (if applicable). If you don’t charge tax, ensure prices are what you expect at checkout (no surprise add-ons).

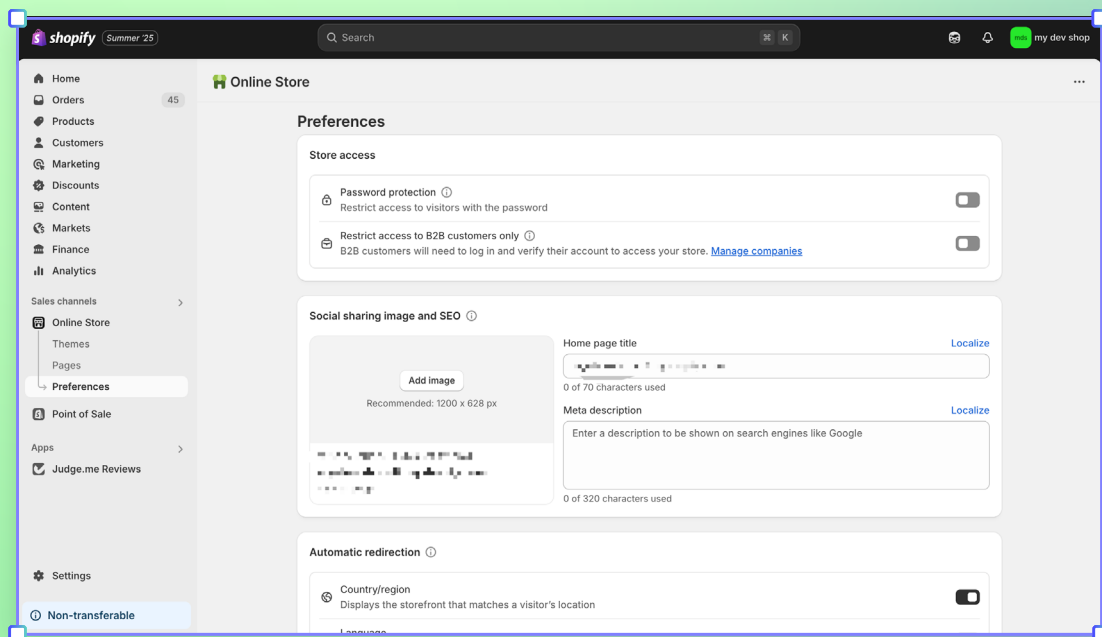
- **Emails:** Shopify sends various emails (order confirmation, shipping confirmation, etc.). You might preview them in **Settings > Notifications**. They're fine by default, but ensure the "from" email is your correct business email. Maybe place a test order with your friend's email to see what emails they receive.
- **Domain:** If you added a custom domain, go to that domain (e.g., yourstore.com) and see that it loads your site with SSL (https). If not, check the domain settings. If you haven't set up a custom domain, the myshopify URL will be your default – just be aware customers might find that less professional, so plan to get a custom domain soon if not at launch.
- **SEO:** As mentioned, fill out Online Store > Preferences (homepage title/description, Google Analytics if you use it, Facebook Pixel or Meta Pixel if you plan ads – optional for launch). Double-check a product or two's Google preview to see if it's decent.
- **Legal:** If you generated policies, ensure they're up to date. If you have any specific terms (like you don't ship to certain countries), make sure that's stated either on product pages or policies.



## 9.3 REMOVE PASSWORD AND GO LIVE

When you're confident everything is ready, it's time to launch! By default, while building, your store is **password-protected**, meaning visitors need a password to see it. To remove this:

- In your Shopify admin, go to **Online Store > Preferences**.
- Scroll to the **Password Protection** section. You likely set a password when you started the trial (or Shopify set a default one). Toggle off the password (uncheck "Enable password") or click the button to **"Remove password"**. Confirm removal if prompted.
- Once the password is off, your store is public! Anyone visiting your URL will see your live website without needing a password.



Before removing the password, you can optionally fill in the **“Password page” message** (in case you plan to launch at a specific time and want to put up a “coming soon” message). But if you’re ready now, you can just disable it.

After launch, do a final test: visit your site in an incognito browser (to simulate a new visitor) and navigate through, maybe even purchase something if you want to be extra sure all is well. Congratulations – your Shopify store is now live and open for business!

**TIP:** Launch day can be both exciting and nerve-wracking. It’s normal to feel you might have missed something. Keep your **Shopify admin open** and monitor for any issues (like an order that didn’t send a confirmation, etc.). You have 24/7 Shopify support if anything critical goes wrong. Also, consider telling friends or family about your store and ask them to visit and give feedback on the experience – a fresh pair of eyes can catch things you might overlook.



# Conclusion & Next Steps

You've now set up a Shopify store from scratch – give yourself a pat on the back! In this guide, we covered all the essential steps: from creating your account, designing your store's look, adding both physical and digital products, configuring payments and checkout, setting up shipping rates and taxes, connecting a custom domain, optimizing for SEO, and finally testing and launching your store. This is a solid foundation for your e-commerce journey.

**Next Steps:** Running a store is an ongoing process. Once launched, here are some things you might explore going forward (beyond this beginner guide):

- **Marketing & Promotion.** Look into Shopify's marketing section for creating discount codes, integrating social media, email marketing, etc. Start driving traffic to your site via social media, friends, or small ad campaigns.
- **Analytics.** Use the Shopify Analytics dashboard (and consider Google Analytics if you installed it) to monitor your traffic and sales. It will help you understand what products are popular and where visitors come from.

- **Expanding Features.** Later, you might explore installing apps for specific needs (reviews, email capture pop-ups, etc.), but remember to keep it simple initially. Only add apps that solve a clear need for your store.
- **Customer Service.** Check your orders daily, fulfill them promptly, and respond to customer inquiries (Shopify has a built-in inbox and you'll receive emails for new messages or you can add a chat widget). Happy customers lead to repeat business!
- **Learning More.** Shopify's Help Center and Blog are excellent resources if you're unsure how to do something. They have guides on practically every feature, and community forums where you can ask questions.

